Bunkers for the Faithful: Vision-Dream

by David Michael, info@glentivar.org

Underground Dwellings

Just before falling asleep on the 30th of December, 2007, I found myself aloft over the Rocky Mountains in the Colorado region. As I looked down upon the vast range, I saw hundreds of little black dotes scattered among the mountains and valleys.

I then found myself moving closer and was able to see through the dense forests and saw that the dots were actually shadows. As I moved closer still, the shadows became entrances to caves, tunnels and man-made underground dwellings. I then understood that it was in these places that the people of the Lord would be protected.

Why Underground

Now awake, I wondered why would underground be important to be safe from the oppression of the NWO-UN military. I then remembered the capability of satellite imagery is very advanced and a person in the middle of the forest can be found if they are on the surface of the ground.

The technologies include 1) light enhanced imagery, 2) motion detection, 3) object/form detection (avoid squares), 4) radar detection, 5) metals detection, 6) density detection (underground), 7) infrared detection and 8) sound detection.

To avoid being seen by these technologies, the safest place is underground with at least a 2' layer of earth or rock above to separate you from the view of satellites. The bunkers need to be kept small so density detection is minimized. I suggest a maximum of about 12' in the round (not square) as the largest space.

Even vehicles need to be stored underground.

An easy way to build underground is to fill burlap bags with soil/sand/gravel that you have dug from the

site and add some Portland cement (dry), mix together and simple stack overlapping the bags. Natural moisture will activate the cement and harden it.

Also run 2 strands of barbed wire between the rows of bags to lock them together. The roof can be made of cut trees of about 8" and larger placed side by side over the whole roof area. Then add a strong plastic waterproofing tarp over the top with 2' of earth on top of all. Entrances should be difficult to see - hidden behind trees or brush.

Food is a serious concern for emergency remote living. I would suggest choosing locations that have natural springs (water coming from the ground - not a stream) and a store of winter wheat and other grains be placed at each location. The wheat and grains can be sprouted in a few days to provide most of the nutrients needed to live. Hunting game to supplement is also a possibility.

January 1 update: I now understood that these shelter locations will also become a safe haven for animals because it will provide shelter and water for them. The animals seek peace and as the end comes near, there will be no peace on the earth. Wild animals will gravitate to where there is still a spirit of peace, water, food, shelter and perhaps salt-minerals for their consumption.